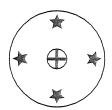
Practice B

For use with pages 412-420

Determine whether the figure has rotational symmetry. If so, describe the rotations that map the figure onto itself.

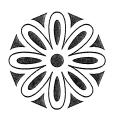
1.



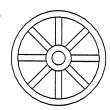
2.



3

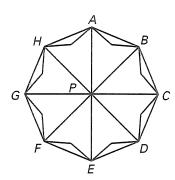


4



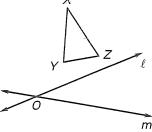
State the segment or triangle that represents the image.

- **5.** 90° clockwise rotation of \overline{AB} about P
- **6.** 90° clockwise rotation of \overline{DE} about P
- 7. 90° counterclockwise rotation of \overline{GH} about P
- **8.** 180° counterclockwise rotation of \overline{EF} about P
- **9.** 180° clockwise rotation of $\triangle DPE$ about P
- **10.** 45° counterclockwise rotation of $\triangle HPA$ about P



In Exercises 11 and 12, lines ℓ and m intersect at point O. Consider a reflection of $\triangle XYZ$ in ℓ , followed by a reflection in line m.

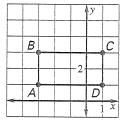
- 11. If the angle between ℓ and m is 32°, what is the angle of rotation about O?
- **12.** If the angle of rotation about O is 128° , what is the acute angle between ℓ and m?



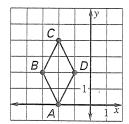
13. Consider two perpendicular lines, ℓ and m. Describe the rotation that is equivalent to reflecting a preimage in ℓ followed by a reflection in m.

Name the coordinates of the vertices of the image after a clockwise rotation of the given number of degrees about the origin.

14. 90°



15. 180°



16. 270°

