

**Practice B**

For use with pages 595–602

The diameter of a circle is given. Find the radius.

1.  $d = 13 \text{ in.}$

2.  $d = 8 \text{ cm}$

3.  $d = 12.6 \text{ ft}$

4.  $d = 2 \text{ ft } 5 \text{ in.}$

The radius of a circle is given. Find the diameter.

5.  $r = 17 \text{ cm}$

6.  $r = 6.3 \text{ ft}$

7.  $r = 0.75 \text{ in.}$

8.  $r = 4.25 \text{ ft}$

Match the notation with the term that best describes it.

9.  $\overleftrightarrow{F}$  A. Center

10.  $\overleftrightarrow{FE}$  B. Chord

11.  $\overline{HG}$  C. Diameter

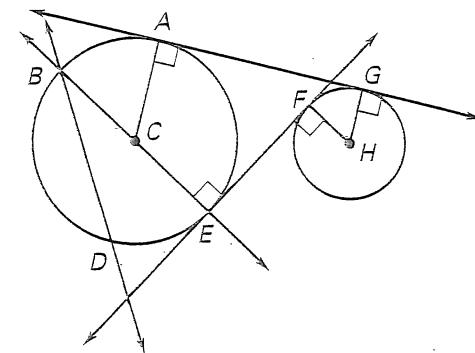
12.  $\overline{DB}$  D. Radius

13.  $C$  E. Point of tangency

14.  $\overline{BE}$  F. Common external tangent

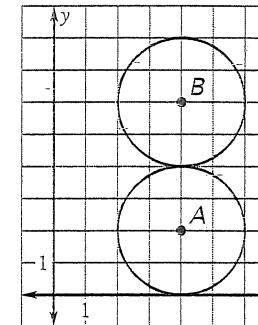
15.  $\overleftrightarrow{DB}$  G. Common internal tangent

16.  $\overleftrightarrow{AG}$  H. Secant

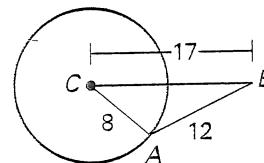


Use the diagram at the right.

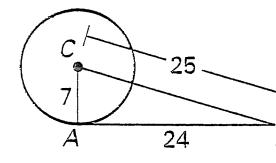
17. What are the center and radius of  $\odot A$ ?  
 18. What are the center and radius of  $\odot B$ ?  
 19. Describe the intersection of the two circles.  
 20. Describe all the common tangents of the two circles.

Tell whether  $\overleftrightarrow{AB}$  is tangent to  $\odot C$ . Explain your reasoning.

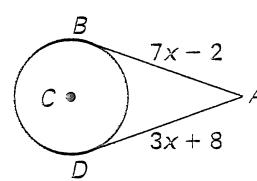
21.



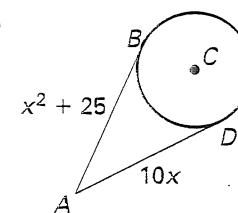
22.

 $\overleftrightarrow{AB}$  and  $\overleftrightarrow{AD}$  are tangent to  $\odot C$ . Find the value of  $x$ .

23.



24.



25.

